

From the Field to the Laboratory and Back:

The “**What ifs**”, “**Wows**” and “**Who Cares**”
of Radiation Biology

**36th Lauriston S.Taylor
Lecture**

NCRP Annual Meeting March 12, 2012

Dr. Antone L. Brooks

Thanks

- Thanks to NCRP for selecting me to give this presentation, especially Drs. Tenforde and Morgan who have supported me at NCRP.
- Thanks to Dr. Roger O. McClellan for the introduction and helping me get a good start in science.
- Thanks to the scientists I have worked and published with over the years.
- Thanks to the funding agencies that have funded my research.





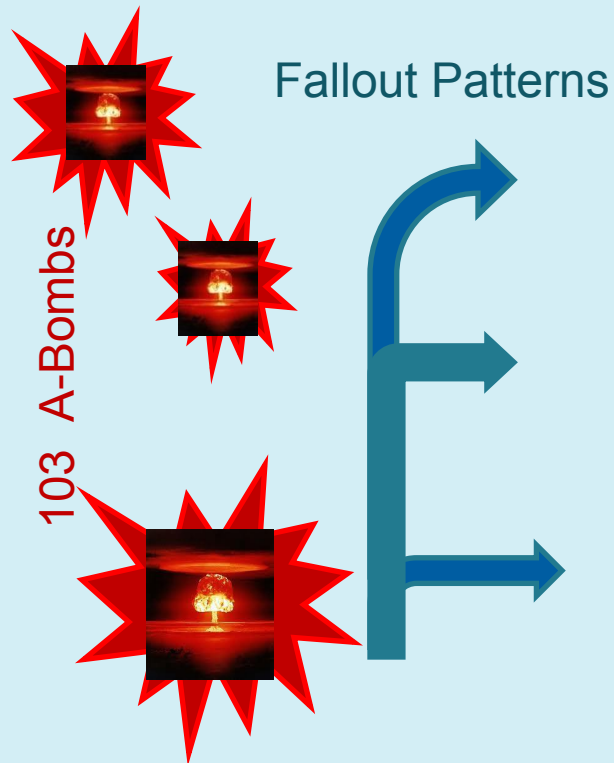
Nuclear weapons were part of my early
life



ST. George, Utah
1955

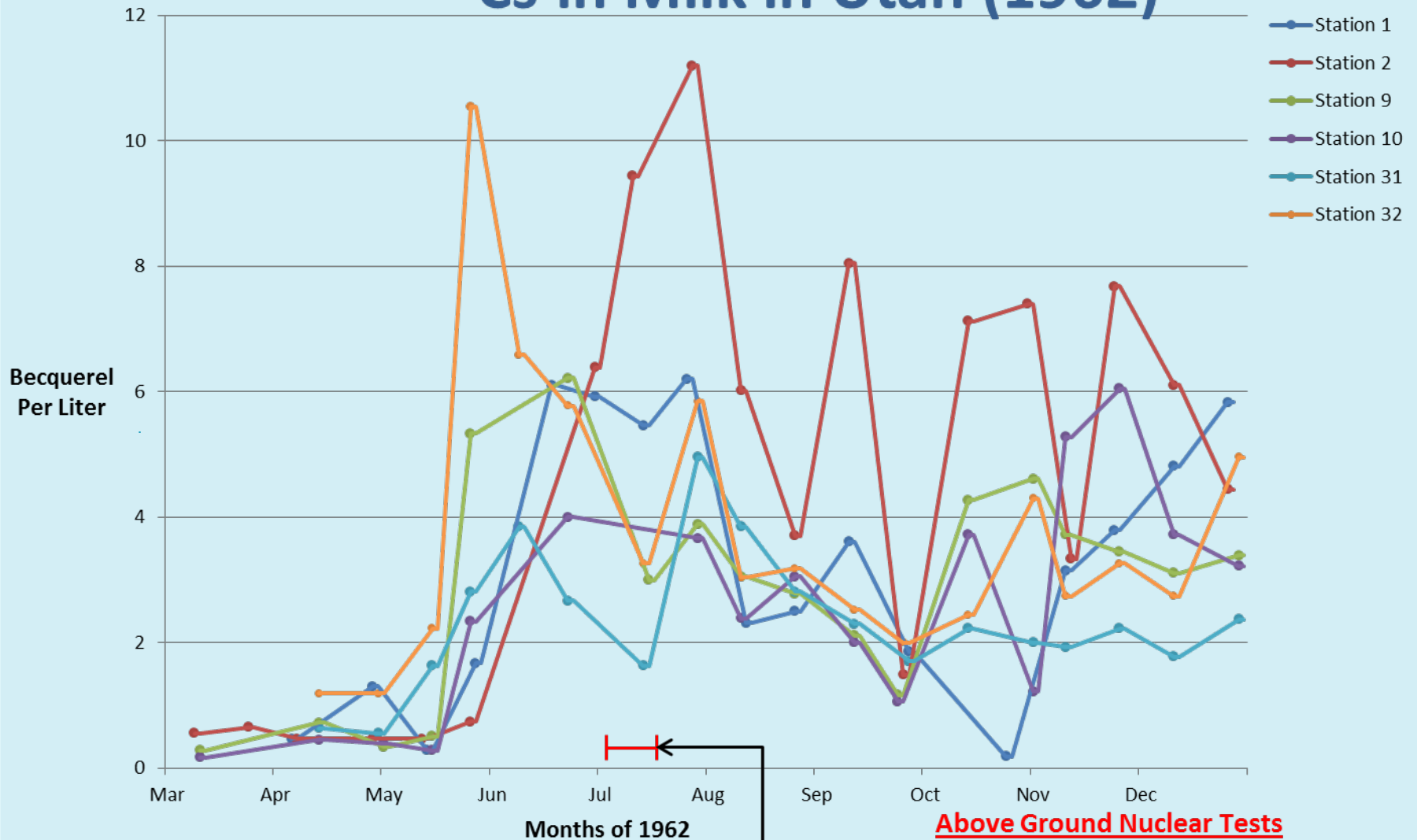
**Fallout from over 100
A-bombs above
ground.**

MS University of Utah



Nevada Test Site

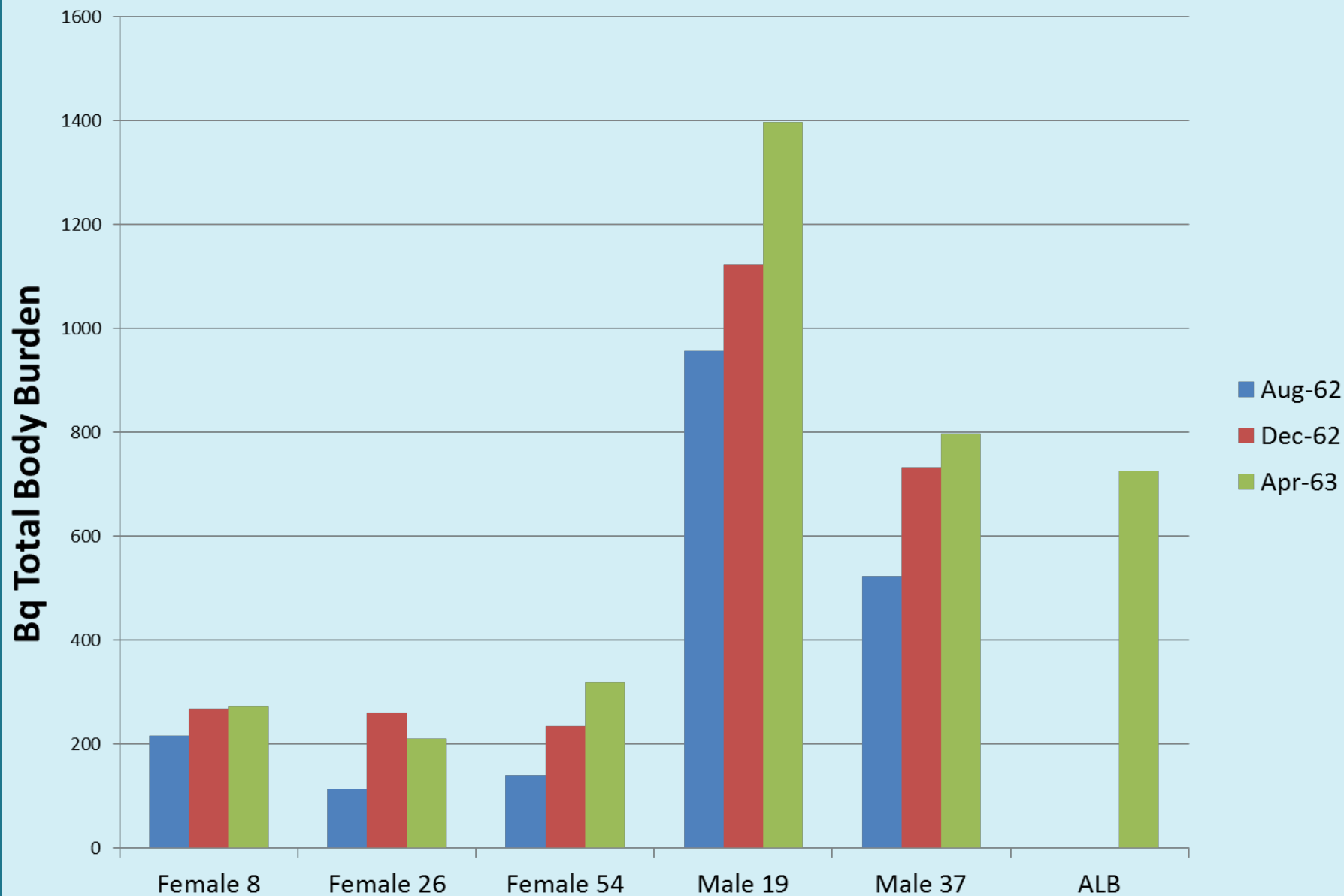
^{137}Cs in Milk in Utah (1962)



Above Ground Nuclear Tests

1. Sedan	July 6	104 KT
2. Little Feller II	July 7	22 T
3. Jonnie Boy	July 11	500 T
4. Small Boy	July 14	1.65 KT
5. Little Feller I	July 17	18 T

Human Body Burdens ^{137}Cs Following Fallout Utah (1962)



WOW!!

It was on everything and in everything!

My research demonstrated lots of radioactive material in our Bodies. We need to be sure we have not underestimated risk!!



What can I do to help understand the effects of internally deposited radioactive materials?



My First Scientific Meeting

- How much is a pCi?
- How much is a Bq?

WHAT IF....

- I get cancer?
- my children are not OK?
- fallout causes a cancer epidemic?

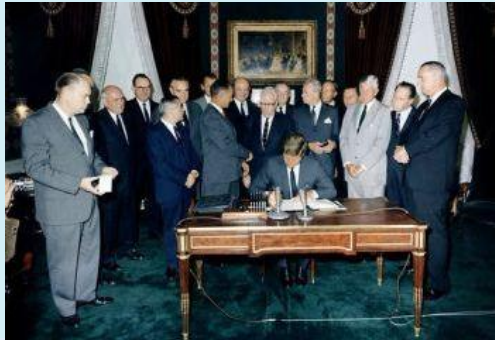


Who Cares?

Everyone!

1963

Nuclear test-ban
signed.



To Cornell for PhD!

WHAT IF...

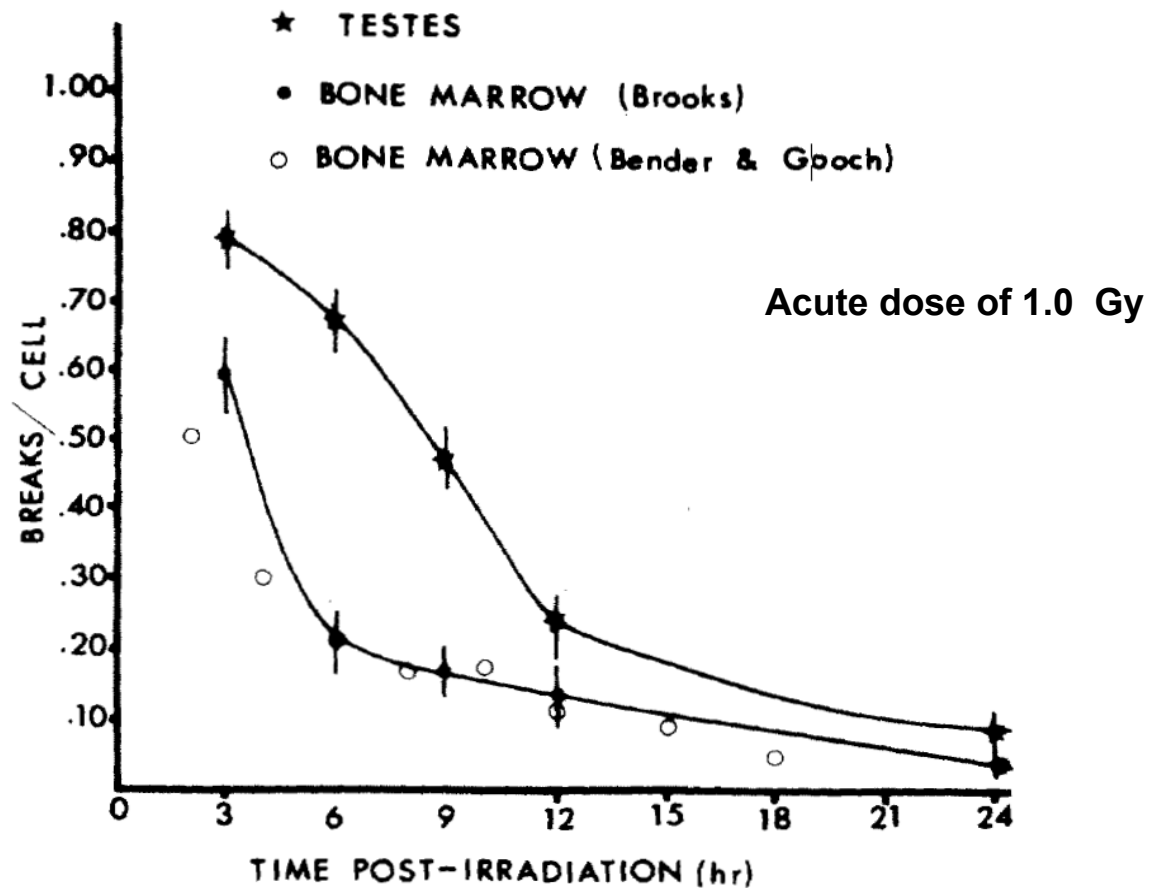
The radiation we have all been
exposed to causes genetic
damage?

Use of Chromosome aberrations as a measure of biological change induced by radiation

- Made measurements *in vivo*, Chinese hamsters
- Made measurements in both somatic and genetic tissue (Risk thought to be similar at this time)
- Made measurements as a function of both dose and time after exposure



CHROMATID ABERRATIONS



BREAKS = CHROMATID + ISOCHROMATID
DELETIONS + (2) (EXCHANGES)

But people breathe and eat fallout...

What if...

**internally deposited
radioactive materials are
more hazardous than
external radiation?**

Internal Emitters

- Most research at this time was following single acute exposure
- Very little information on the biological changes induced by internally deposited radioactive material was available

What if...



injected or inhaled or if it was
much more hazardous than
acute radiation?

$^{90}\text{Sr-}$

^{90}Y



- Long physical and biological half-life
- Deposits and stays in the bone and lung
- Large dose to the bone or lung at a low dose-rate
- Potential for leukemia as well as lung and bone cancer



- Samples from the environment were measured in pCi/liter or pCi/Kg range
- Chinese Hamsters were injected with mCi $^{90}\text{Sr/g}$ body weight (5-9 orders of magnitude higher than the environment) to study chromosome aberrations and cancer.

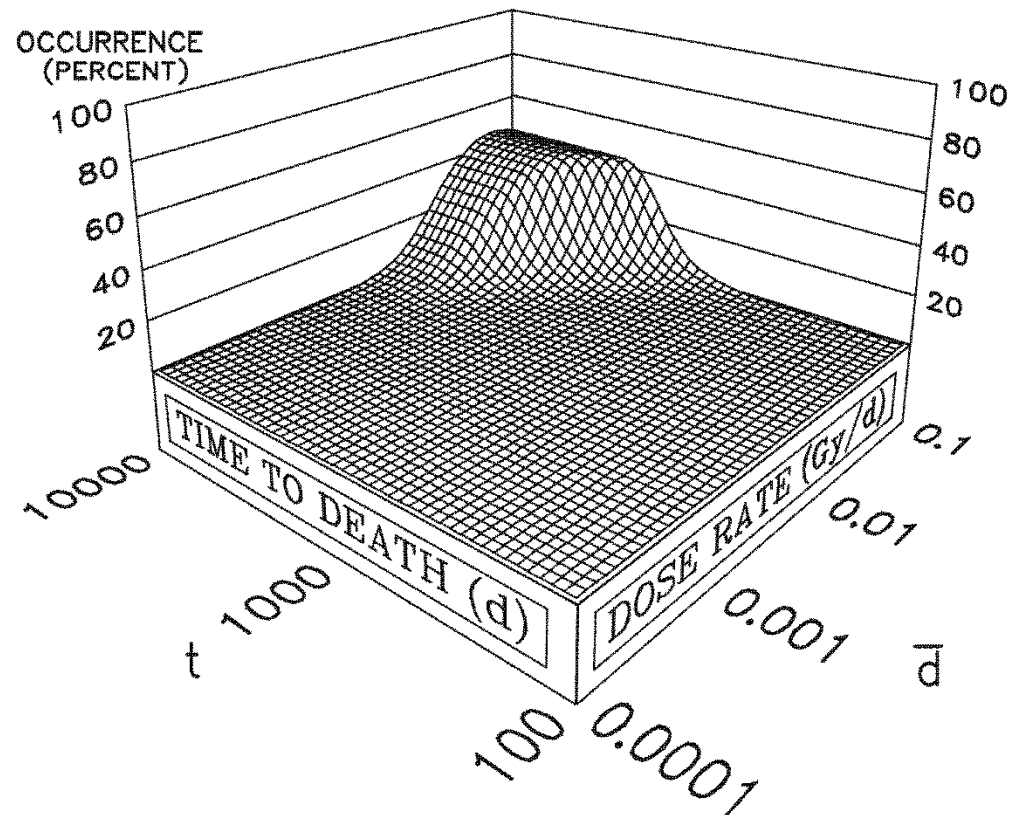




Low-LET Studies

	Utah	Davis	Argonne	ITRI
Injection	$^{90}\text{Sr}_{1954}$	$^{90}\text{Sr}_{1963}$	$^{90}\text{Sr}_{1956}$ (Transplacental) $^{90}\text{Sr}_{1957}$ (Subcutaneous) $^{144}\text{Ce}_{1960}$ $^{137}\text{Cs}_{1961}$	
Ingestion		$^{90}\text{Sr}_{1961}$		
Inhalation				$^{90}\text{Sr}_{1970}$ (insol) $^{144}\text{Ce}_{1967}$ (insol) $^{91}\text{Y}_{1970}$ (insol) $^{90}\text{Y}_{1969}$ (insol) $^{90}\text{Sr}_{1965}$ (soluble) $^{144}\text{Ce}_{1966}$ (soluble) $^{144}\text{Ce}_{1972}$ (juvenile) $^{144}\text{Ce}_{1972}$ (aged) $^{144}\text{Ce}_{1972}$ (multiple exposure) $^{137}\text{Cs}_{1968}$ (soluble) $^{91}\text{Y}_{1966}$ (soluble)

OCCURRENCE OF DEATHS FROM BONE CANCER FOR BEAGLES FED ^{90}Sr AT DAVIS



O. RAABE

TIME AFTER BIRTH & AVERAGE BETA DOSE RATE TO SKELETON (LOG SCALES)

Dose Response for Life Shortening Following Inhalation of 90-Strontium Fused Clay Particles

The graph plots **Days to Death** (Y-axis, 0 to 7000) against **Cumulative Dose (mCi/kg)** (X-axis, 0 to 1000). Data points are categorized by cancer type and acute effects:

- Cancer (Green Squares):** Shows a clear dose-response relationship, with a fitted green curve indicating a decrease in days to death as dose increases.
- Heart Cancer (Pink Circles):** Shows a dose-response relationship, with a fitted pink curve.
- Lung Cancer (Blue Triangles):** Shows a dose-response relationship, with a fitted blue curve.
- TBLN Cancer (Red Diamonds):** Shows a dose-response relationship, with a fitted red curve.
- Other (Black Open Circles):** Data points scattered across the graph.
- Acute (Red Circles):** Data points clustered at low days to death (below 1000) for doses above 400 mCi/kg, showing a flat red line.

The graph illustrates that the dose response for life shortening is most pronounced for cancer types (Cancer, Heart Cancer, Lung Cancer, TBLN Cancer) and less pronounced for acute effects.

TBLN Cancer

Cancer

Heart Cancer

Other

Lung Cancer

Acute

Wow!!

It takes a lot of radioactive material to produce biological changes!

It takes a lot of disintegrations to make a Sv!!!
Low dose-rate from ^{90}Sr ^{90}Y was less effective than high dose-rate in producing lung and bone damage

Heightened concern about Plutonium produced by fallout and nuclear power



- Plutonium is retained in the lung, bone and liver with long physical and biological half-lives.
- Plutonium produces a large dose to the target organs.
- Cells “hit” by a single alpha particle result in a large cellular dose.



What if...



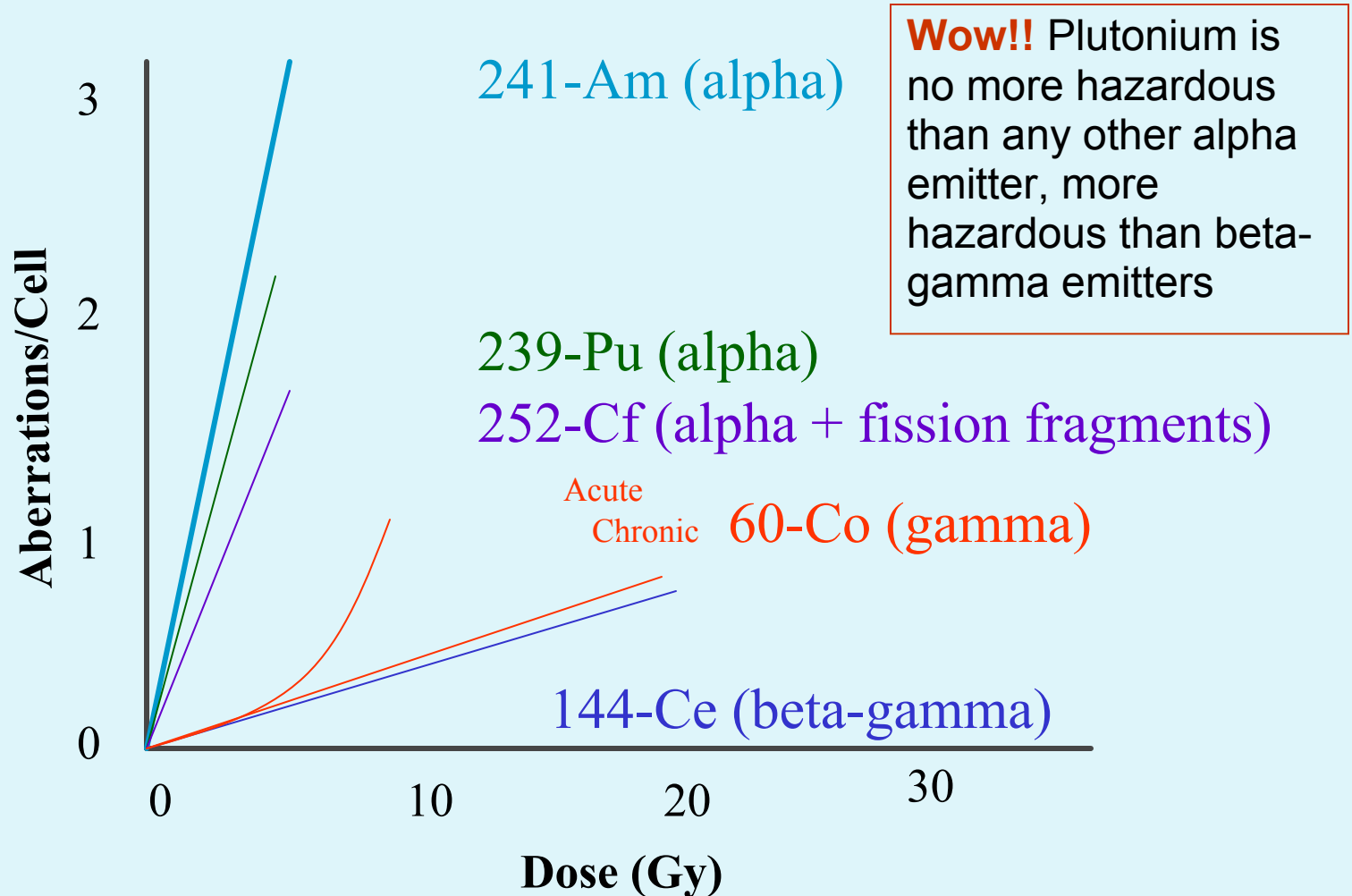
^{239}Pu



is the most
hazardous substance
known to man?



Dose Response for Radiation-Induced Chromosome Aberrations



What if...

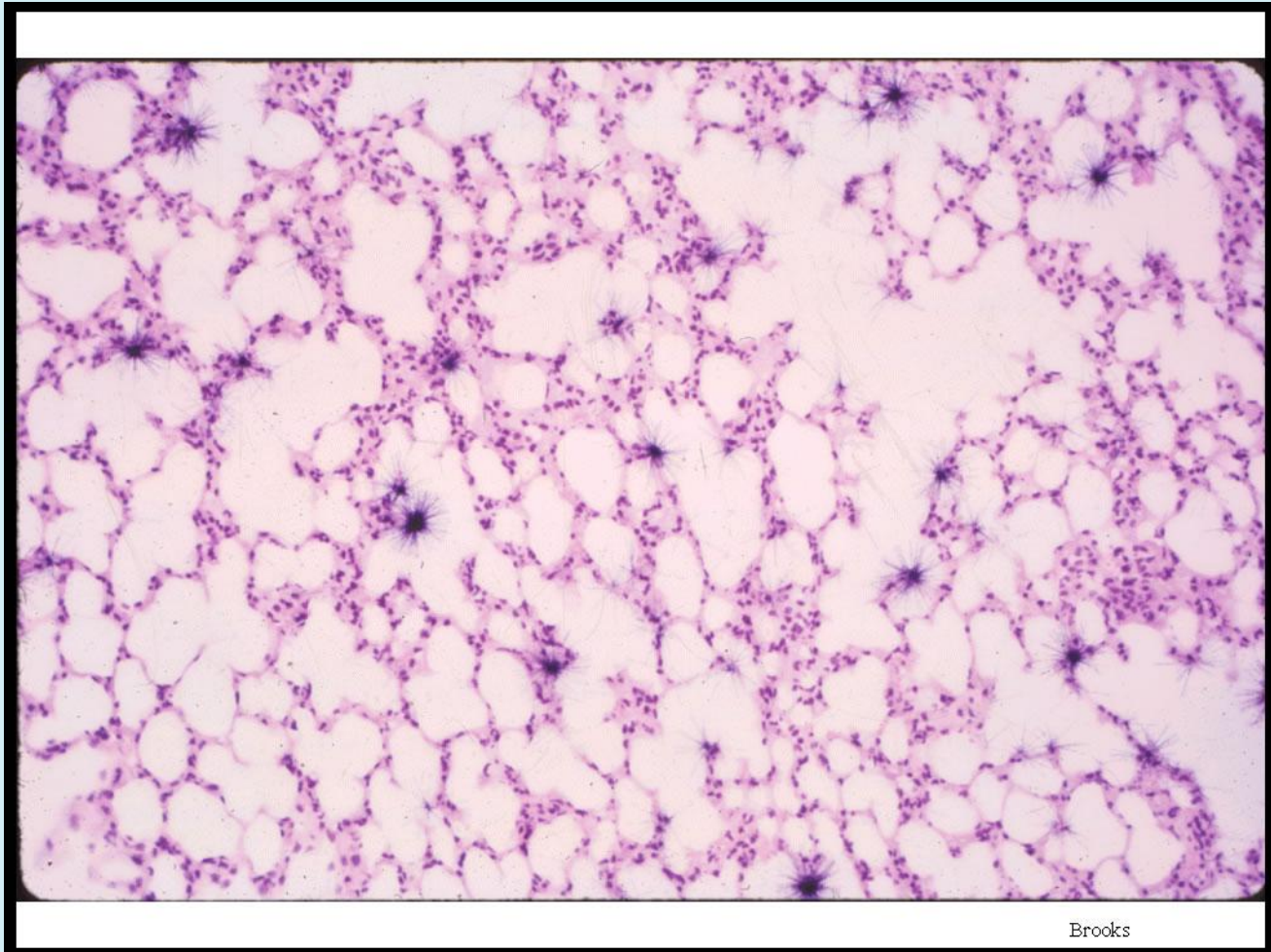


a single $^{239}\text{PuO}_2$ particle
deposited in the lung can cause
cancer?

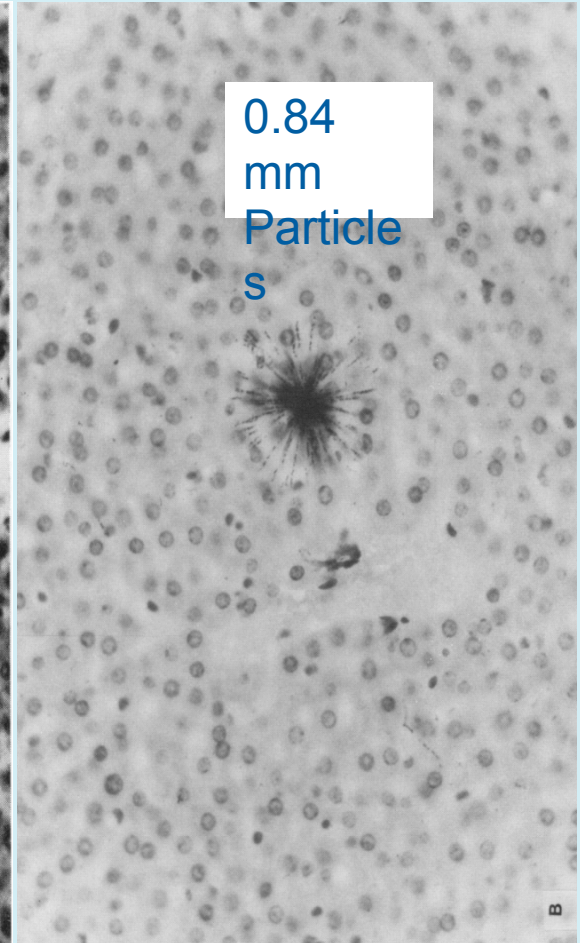
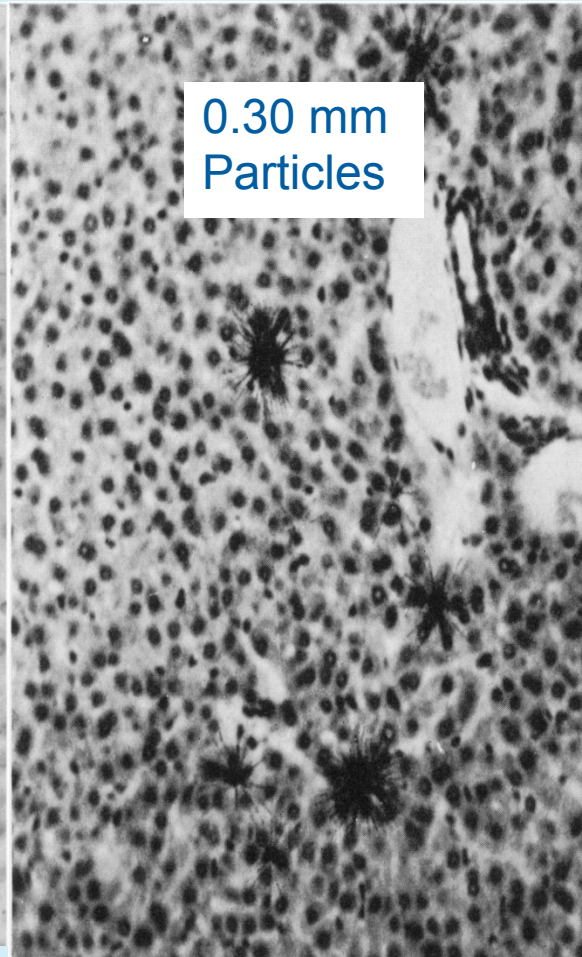
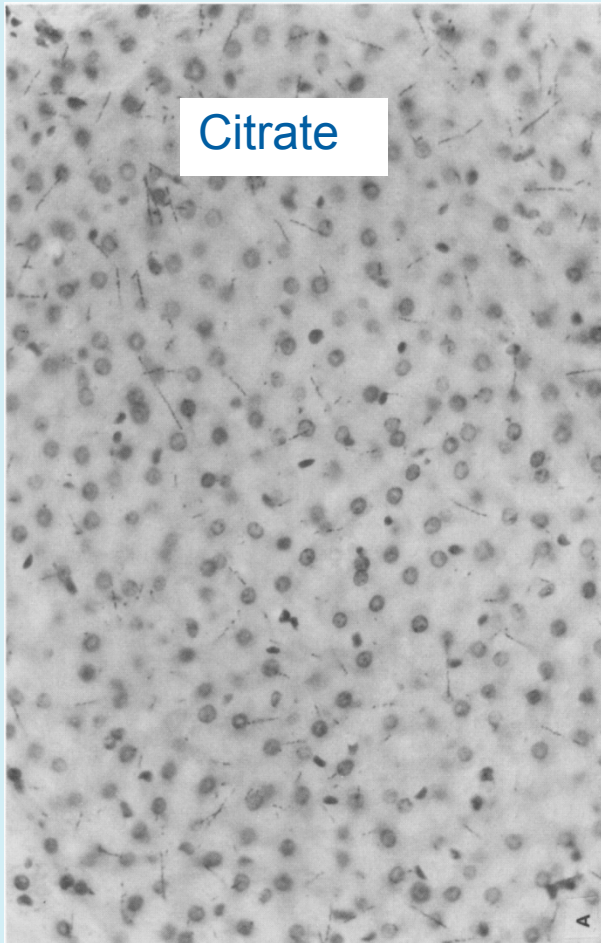
“Hot Particle Hypothesis”



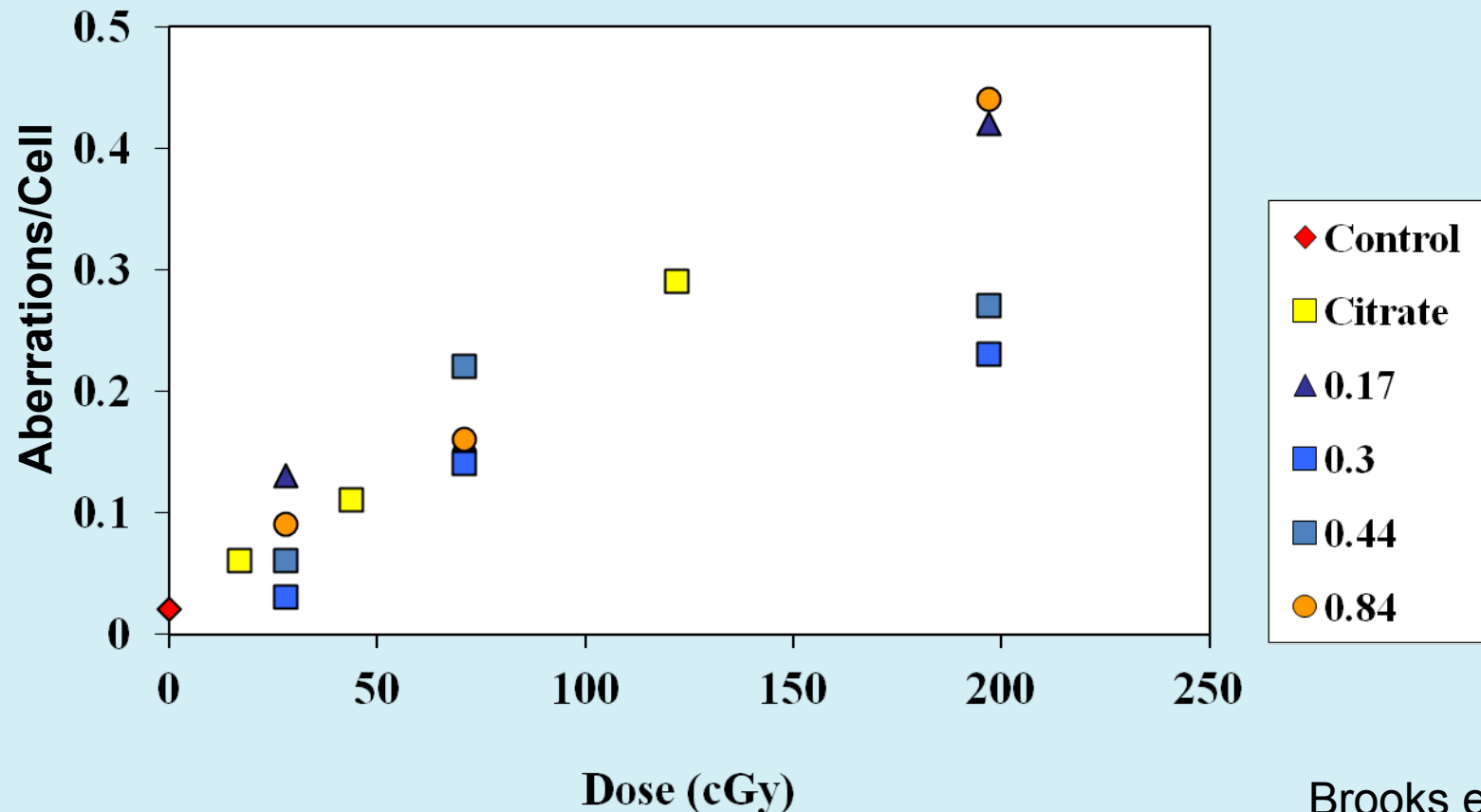
Non-Uniform Dose Distribution from Plutonium Inhalation



Non-Uniform Distribution of ^{239}Pu in the Liver of Chinese Hamsters following injection with citrate or oxide particles

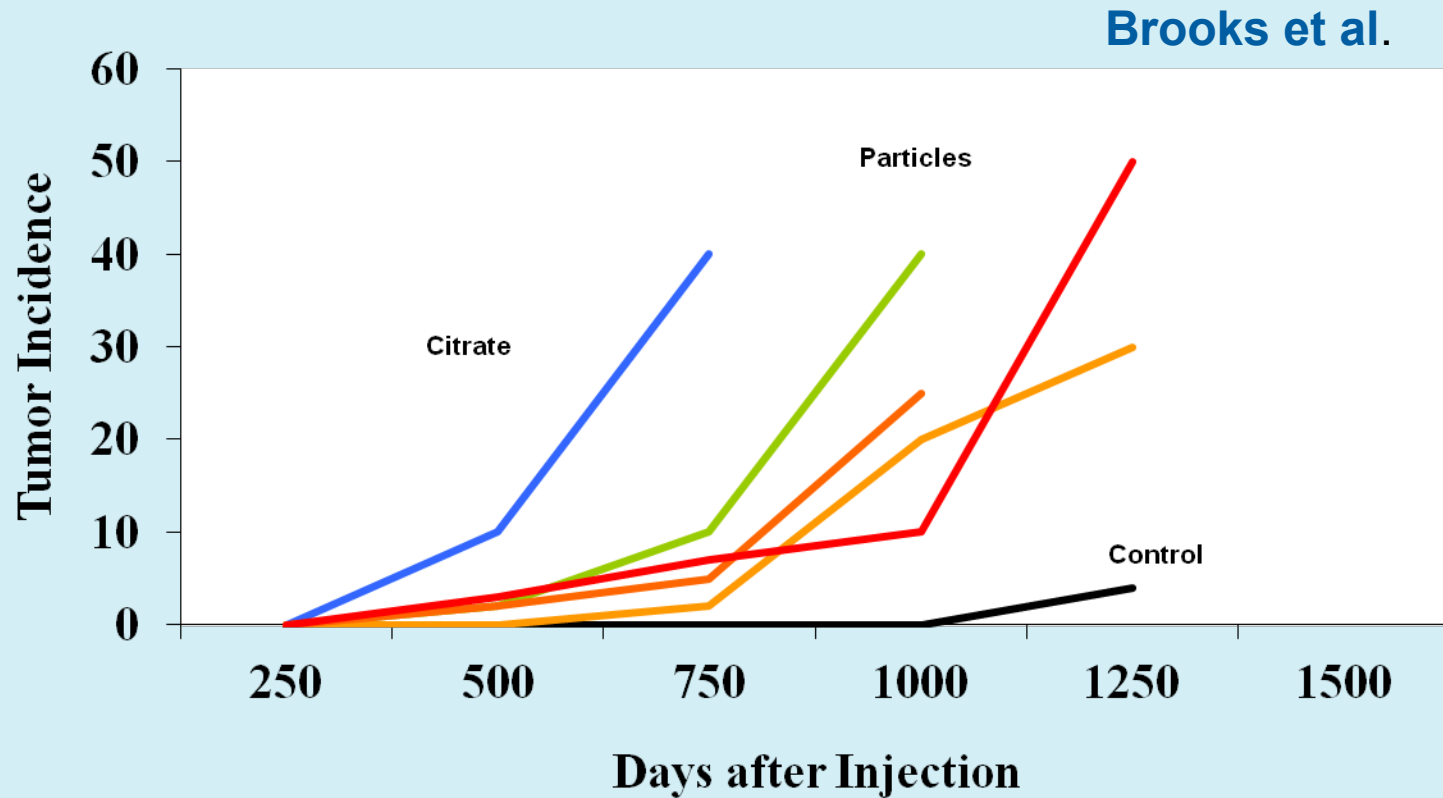


The Influence of ^{239}Pu Dose-Distribution on Chromosome Aberration Frequency



Brooks et al

Cumulative Liver Tumor Incidence After $^{239}\text{PuO}_2$ or ^{239}Pu Citrate Exposure



Results of Research

- The “hot particle hypothesis” is not supported by the data.
- To get cancer, it is necessary to expose as many cells to alpha particles as possible
- How do we resolve such observations with the “hit theory”?

Wow!!

The tissue is
responding as a unit,
not as single cells



Health Risks of Radon

- Radon is responsible for more than half of the background radiation
- Uranium miners were developing a high frequency of lung cancer

Move to PNNL





We've got the cure for
**RADON
GAS**

**\$100
DISCOUNT**

RADON REDUCTION
SYSTEMS

Quality Workmanship
LIFETIME Warranty
Guaranteed Radon Levels
To EPA Standards

FREE ESTIMATES

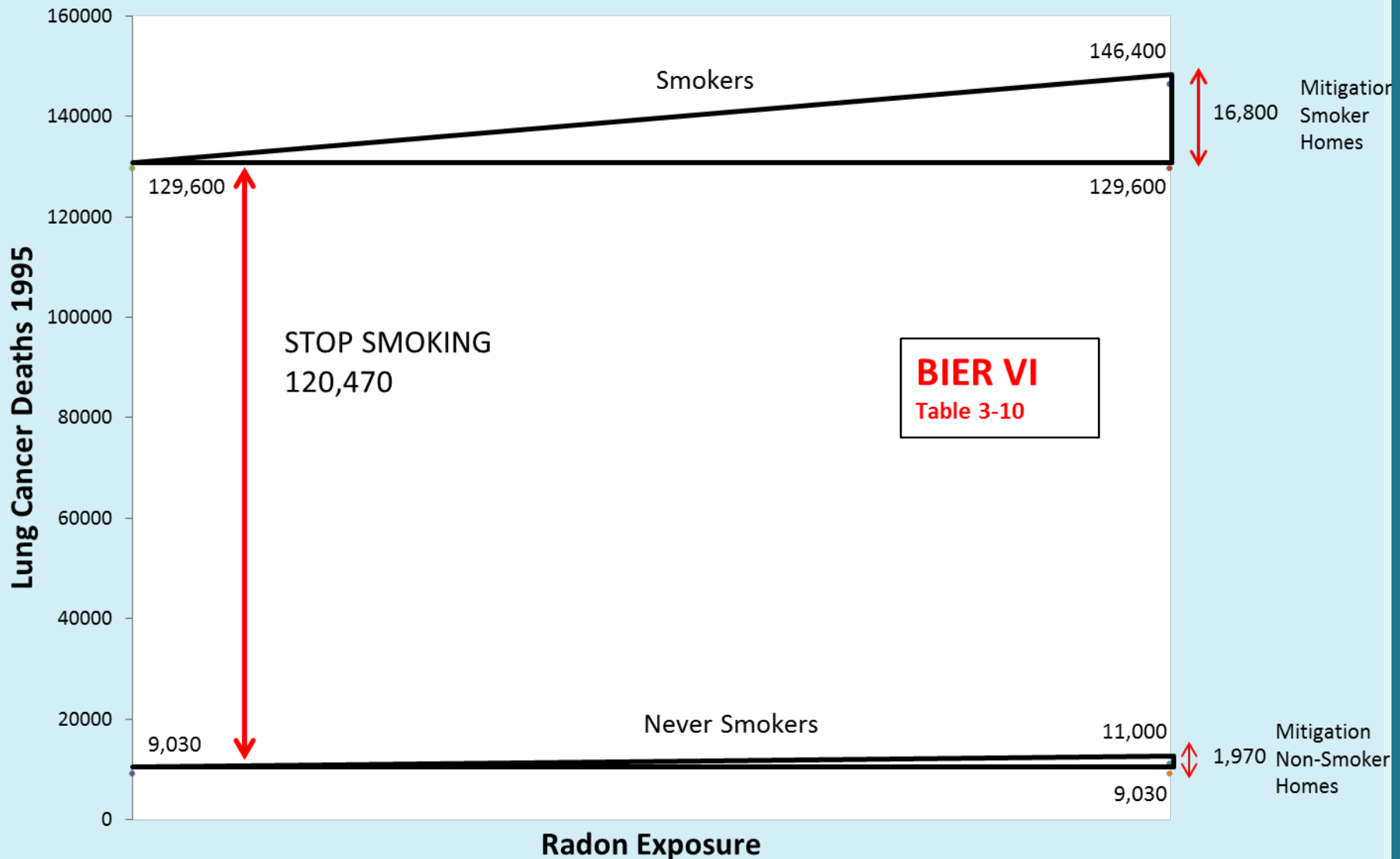
Air Quality Control
Certification # 102508RMT

1-800-420-3881

Radon is killing us in our
homes?



Radon Mitigation and Lung Cancer Risks



Wow!!

Radon alone is not the second
(or third!) cause of lung cancer



Who Cares?

EPA and Congress

passed laws to make testing of homes mandatory and mitigation in high level homes. BEIR VI calculated risk from collective dose. Most of the dose is from homes with levels below the EPA action level.





What if...

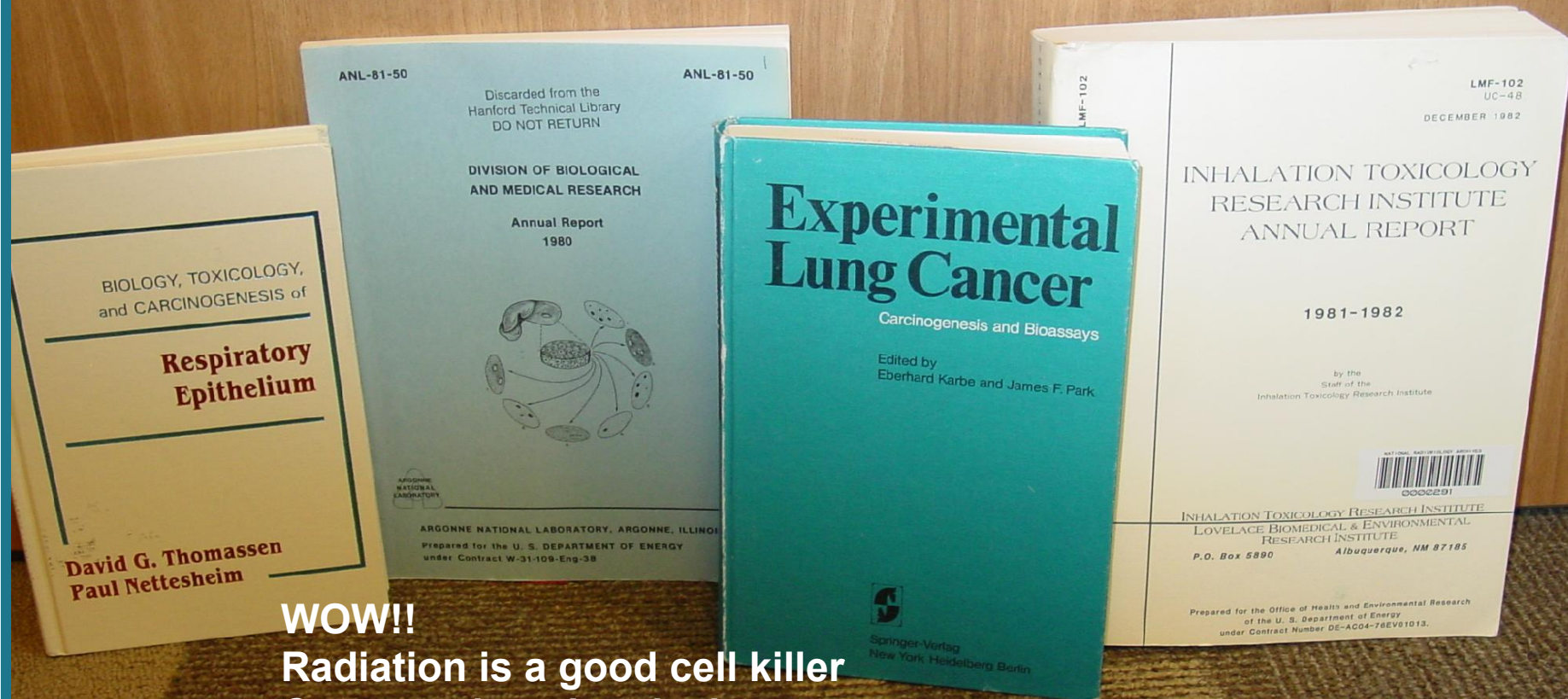
health risks from environmental contamination from other energy sources was greater than the health risk from nuclear power?



Toxicology of Energy Production

- Each national laboratory was assigned an energy source.
- Our techniques were applied to evaluate the risks associated with the energy source.
- Cell killing, mutations, SCE's chromosome aberrations, lung damage, cancer were end points.
- ITRI was given "Diesel Exhaust" and "Fluidized Bed Coal Combustion".

Biological Effects of Non-Nuclear Energy Production



WOW!!

**Radiation is a good cell killer
Compared to chemicals
radiation is a poor mutagen
and Carcinogen**

Who Cares??



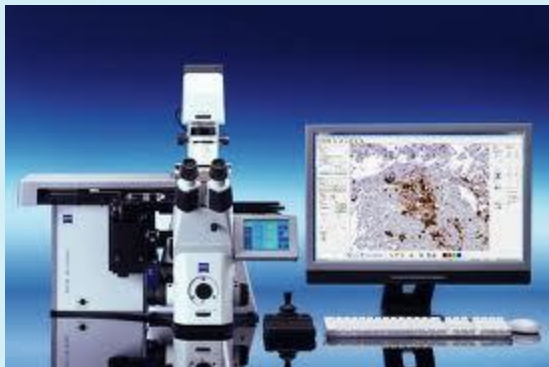
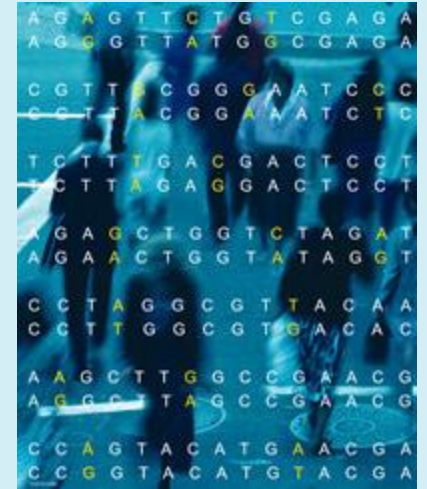
Nuclear Waste Cleanup

- Is expensive \$\$\$\$!
- Senator Peter Domenici
- Washington State University
- Are our low dose regulations based on real science ?



New Technologies

- The Human Genome was sequenced
- New technologies, such as microbeams, were now available to test health risks in the low dose region, where it couldn't be measured before.



Can health risks in the low dose region now be understood?

What if...

the LNTH overestimates
risk??”





U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

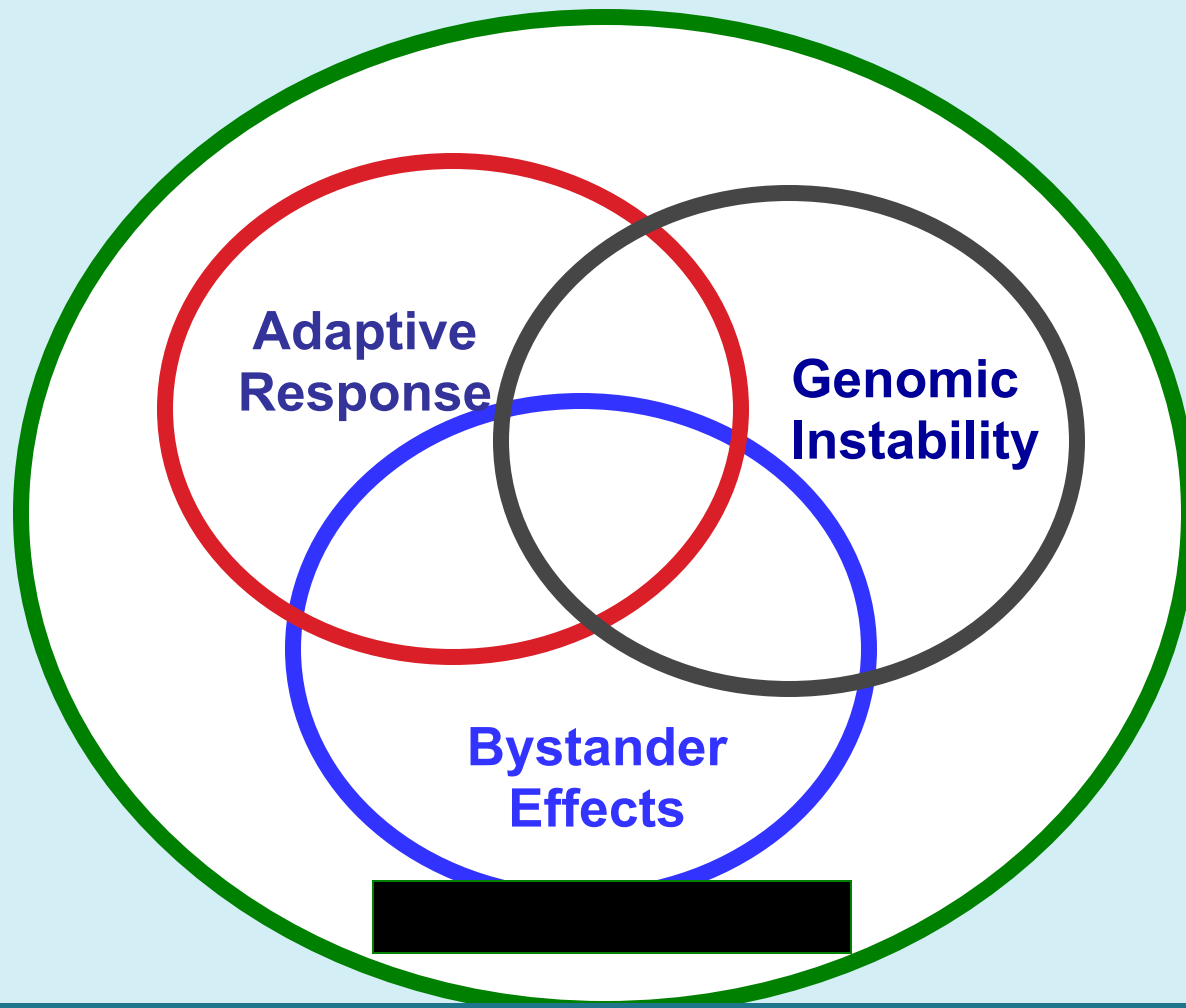
Office of
Science

LOW DOSE RADIATION RESEARCH PROGRAM

Chief Scientist for DOE Low Dose Radiation Research Program

- Are the mechanisms of action the same for low and high doses of radiation?
- Do we need to change current paradigms in radiation biology?
- Is the LNTH an accurate scientific description for the dose-response relationship for cancer in the low dose region?

Biological Responses Induced by Low Doses of Radiation

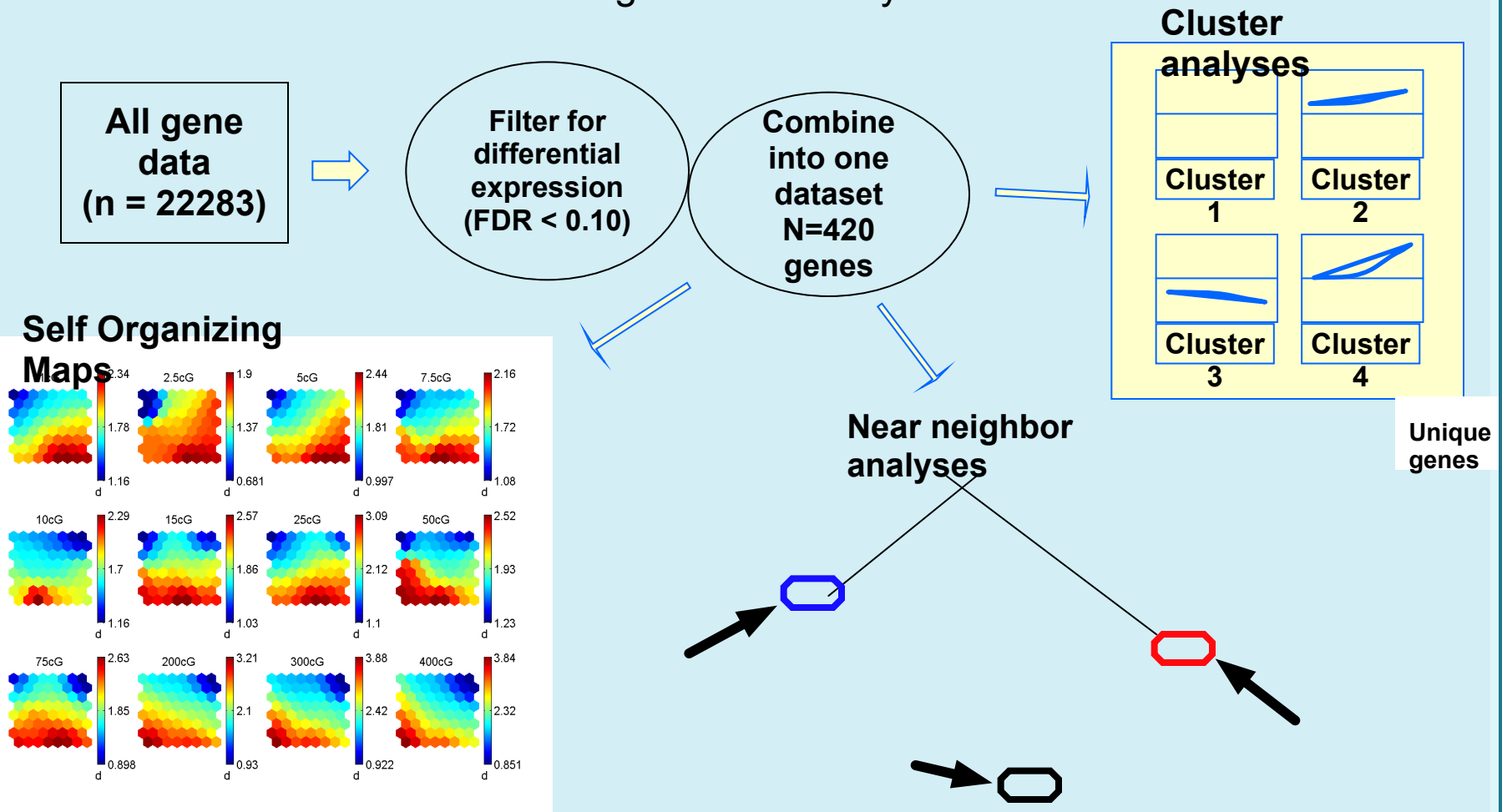


Research in Low Dose Region

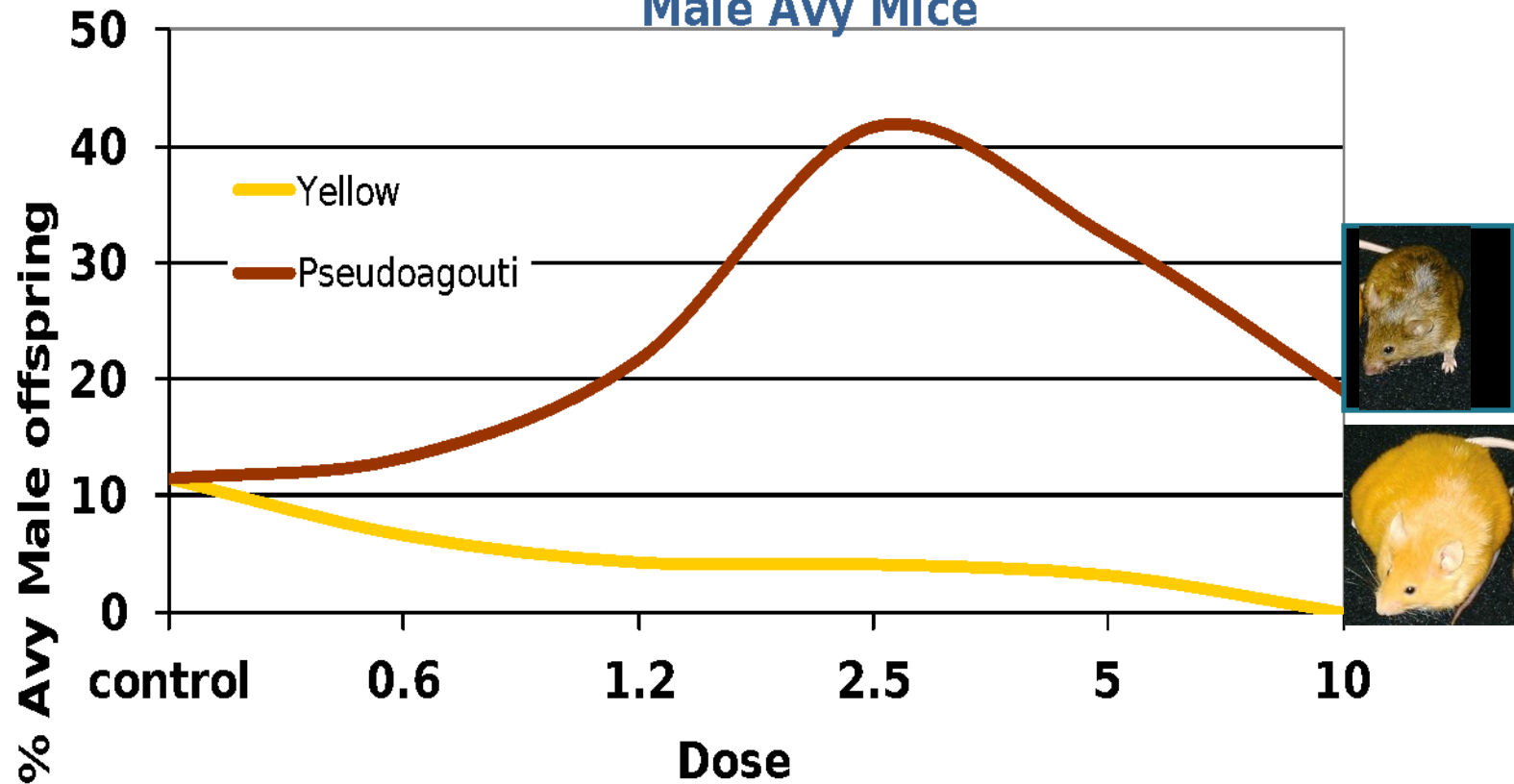
- Extensive research on biological effects of low dose radiation resulted in many new observations making paradigm shifts in radiation biology essential.
 - Hit theory vs Bystander and tissue effects
 - Linear dose-responses vs Protective adaptation
 - Mutation theory vs Genomic instability
- The mechanisms of action of these phenomena are being carefully documented and understood.
- Low-dose responses are non-linear at all levels of biological organization (Molecular, Cellular, Tissue, Organism, Humans?) and suggest that LNT overestimates risk.

Are the mechanisms the same at low vs. high doses?

Three lines of evidence point to a transition in transcript expression profiles in the range of 10-25 cGy

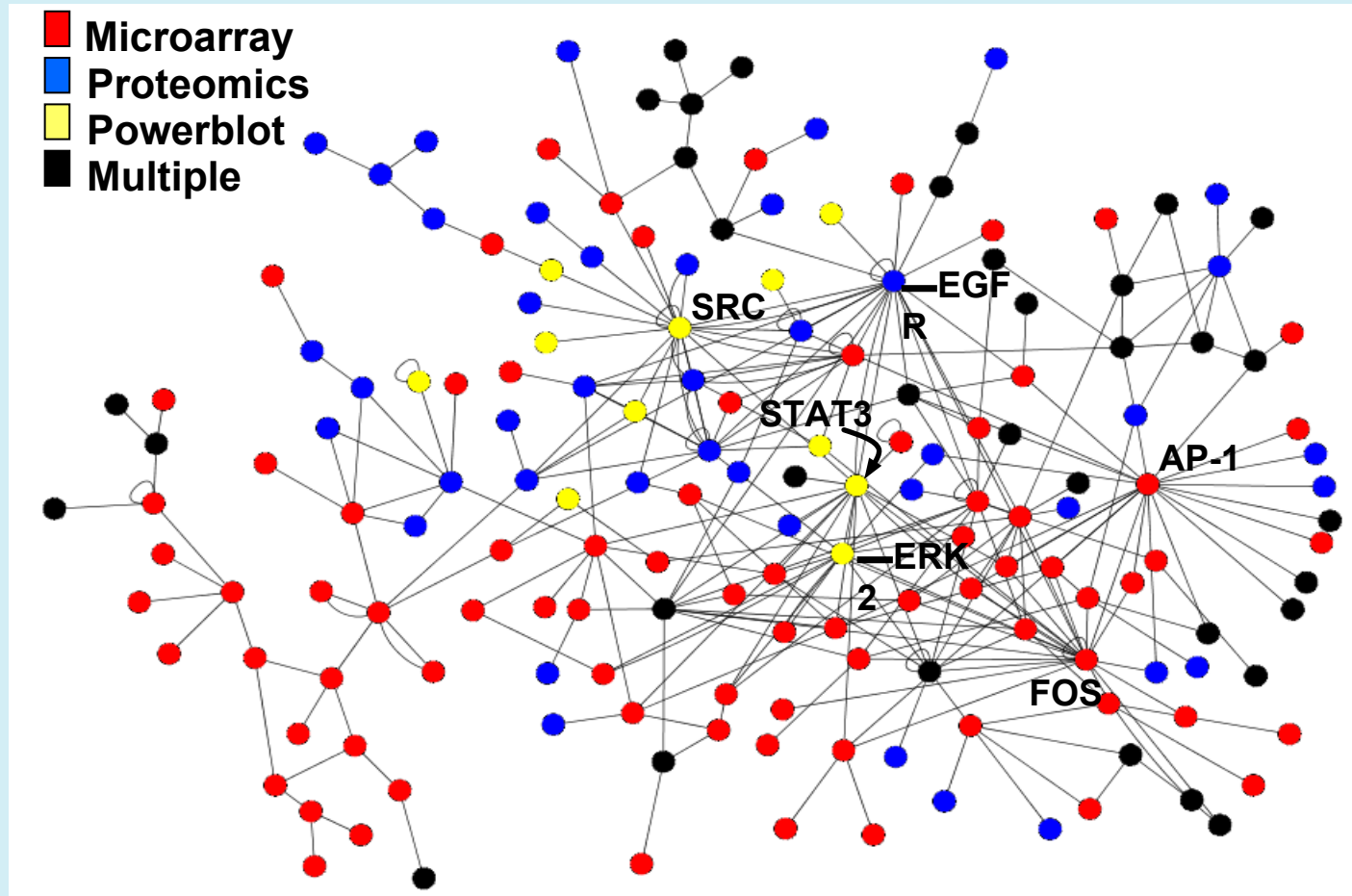


Fetal Radiation Exposure and Coat Color Change in Male Avy Mice



Bernell and Jirtle 2011

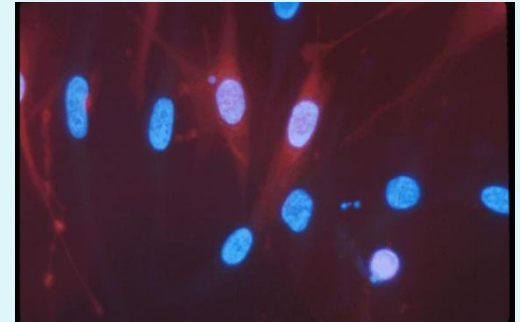
Network reconstruction using Integrated data are more comprehensive and accurate (Systems Biology)



What if...

**mechanisms of action are
different at high and low
doses of radiation?**

Mechanisms of Action



- At low doses genomics, proteomics, microRNAome, metabolomics, etc. show different responses at low doses and high doses.
- Many low dose responses are known to be involved in reducing damage
- Altered post-transcriptional protein modification
- Epigenetic changes
- Impact of oxidative status of the cell
- Radiation-induced changes in selective apoptosis
- Cell/cell, cell/matrix interactions

WOW!!

World-wide low dose research
has defined many mechanisms
involved in new low dose
biological phenomena.



(US-DOE, European Union, Japan, Korea)

Who Cares?

Regulators and Scientists

Meeting with the regulators from federal agencies and the DOE Low Dose Research Program.

- First Day Scientists talked, Regulators slept
- Second Day Regulators talked, Scientist slept
- Third day DOE talked and everyone else slept



Who Cares?

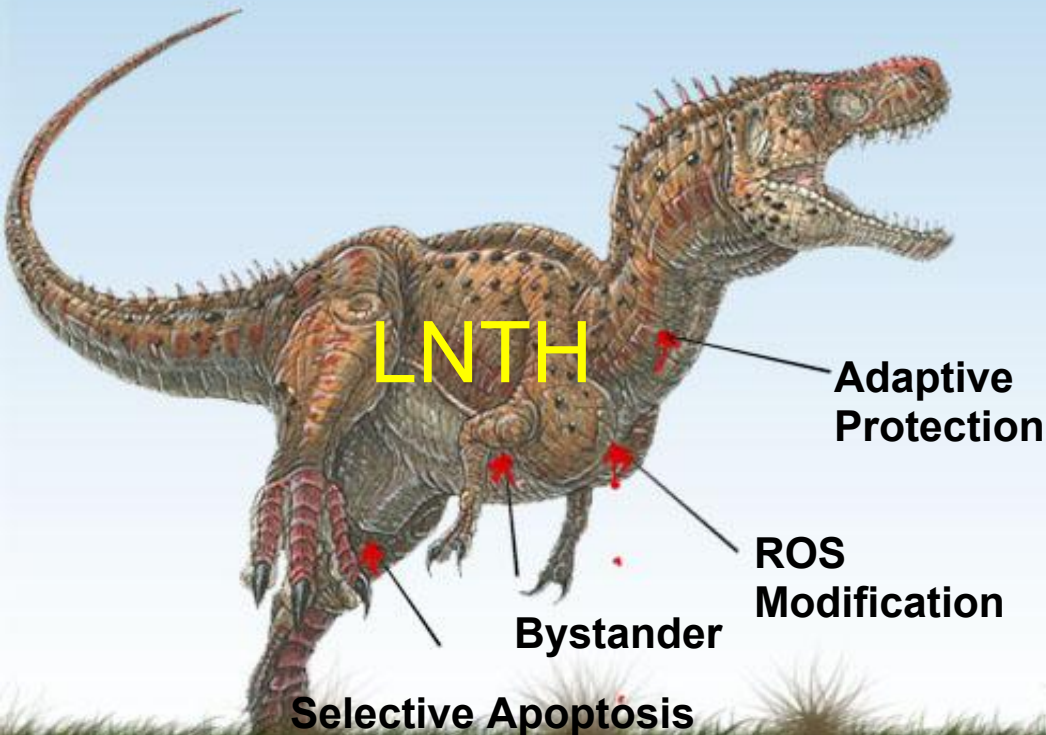
News reporters, media editors and
scientists

- Much of the scientific data suggested that the risk was not as high as LNTH
- After the scientific presentations the News reporters suggested, “Very interesting but I cannot get such information by my Editor.”
- What would the response be if the risk was much higher than LNTH?



The Dinosaur of **LNTH** remains useful for regulations
but is scientifically dead for low-dose risk assessment.

All these cell and molecular responses are radio-protective !!!



Systems Biology

Genomics
Epigenomics

Proteomics

Metabolomics

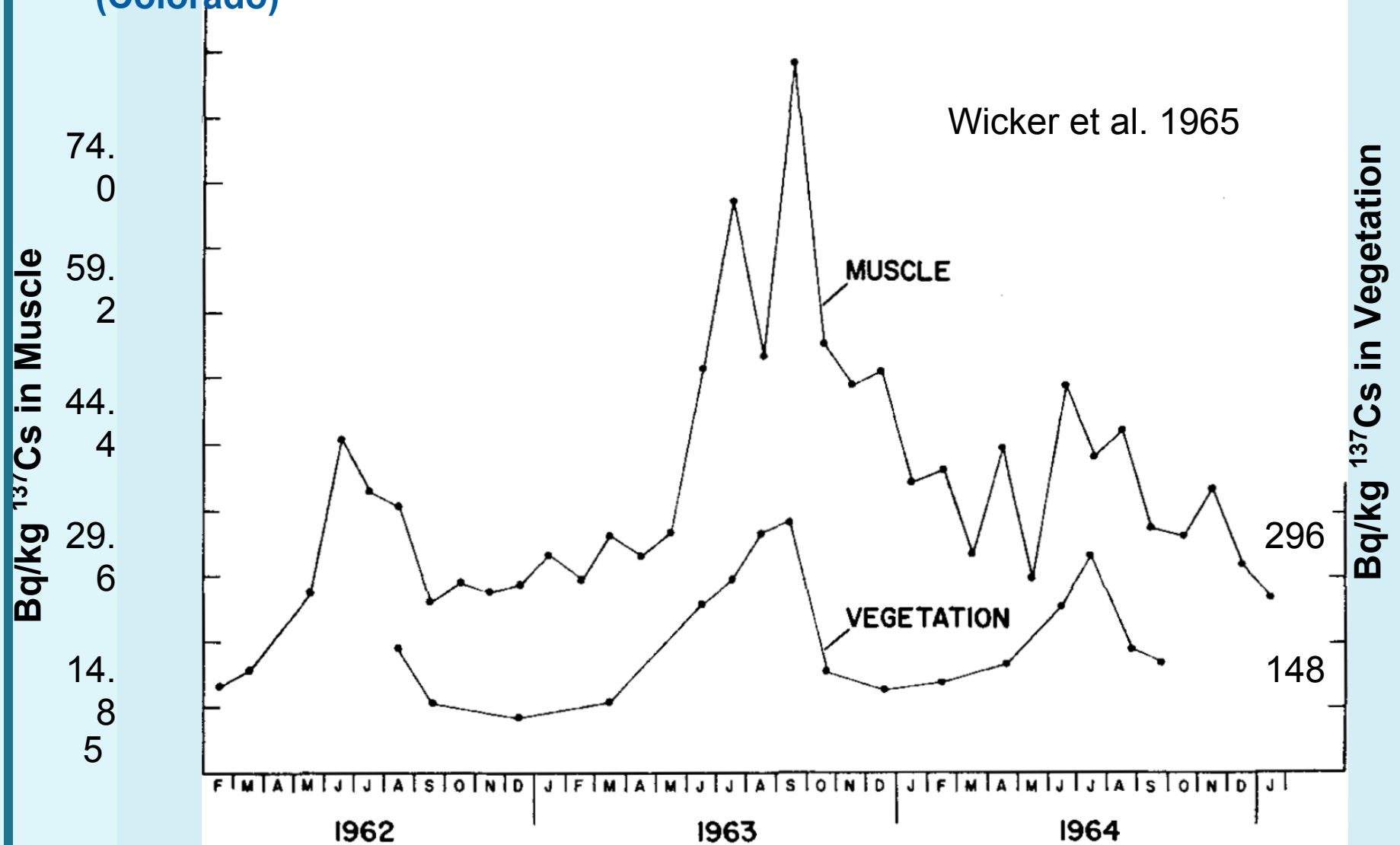


Back to the Field- Fukushima

- Appreciate all the information at this meeting.
- Interesting to compare to what happened in 1960's



Mean Monthly Concentrations of ^{137}Cs in deer muscle and vegetation (Colorado)



Correlation of ^{137}Cs radioactivity between peripheral blood and organs

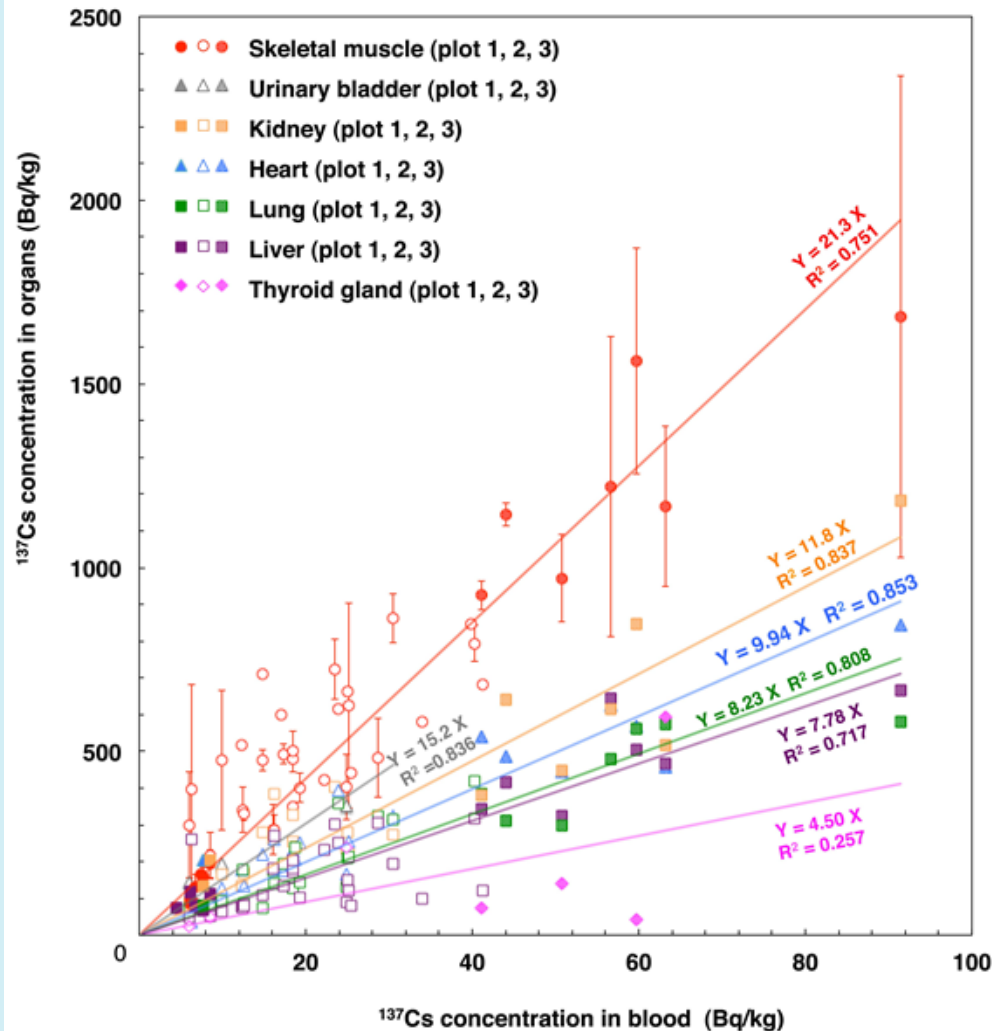


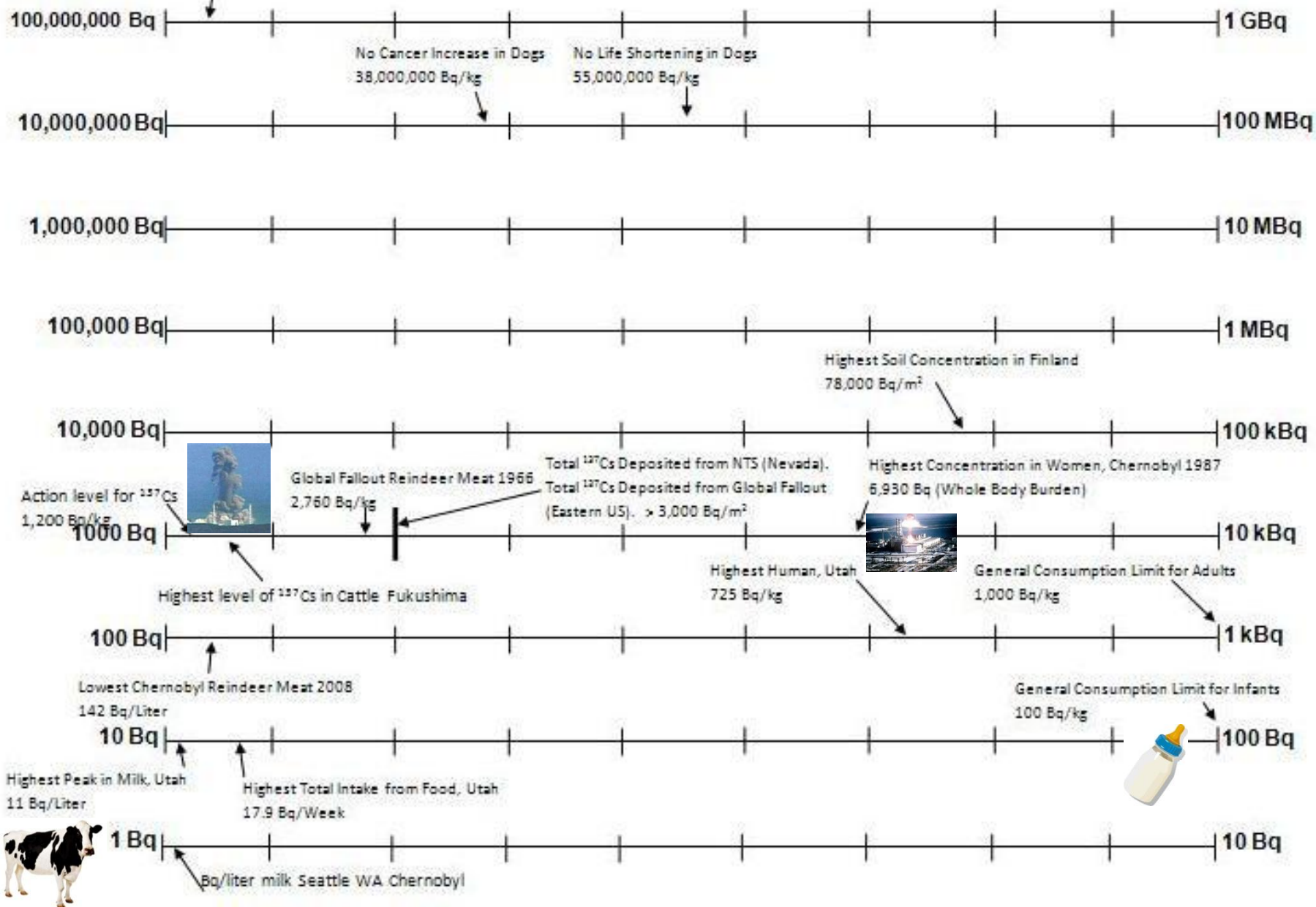
Figure 1

Manabu Fukumoto
2012



Marked Life Shortening in Dogs
138,000,000 Bq/kg

^{137}Cs Environmental and Effects Levels



Nevada Fallout



Figure 7. Cesium-137 deposition density resulting from the cumulative effect of the Nevada tests generally decreases with distance from the test site in the direction of the prevailing wind across North America, although isolated locations received significant deposition as a result of rainfall.

World wide fallout in the United States

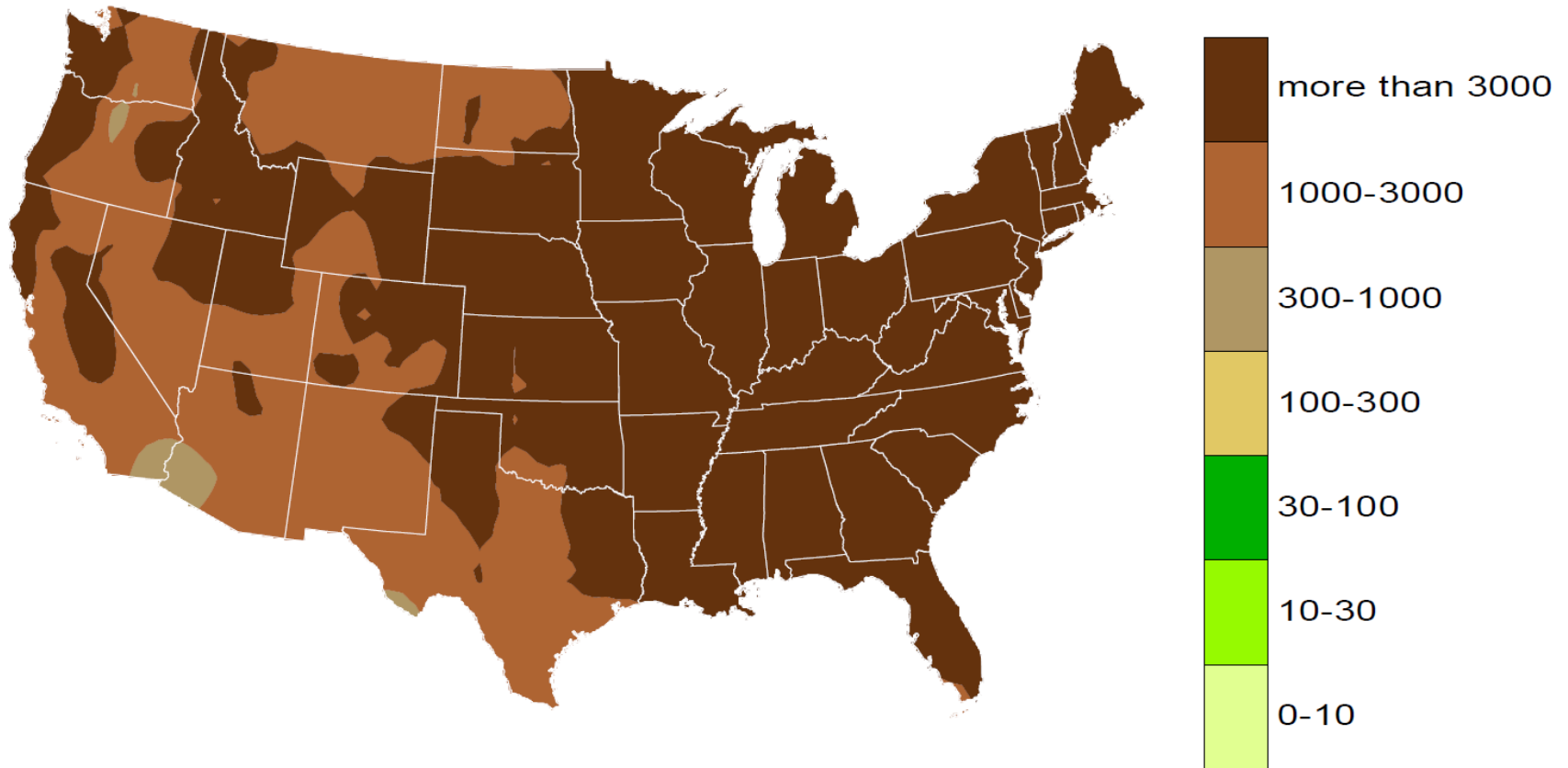
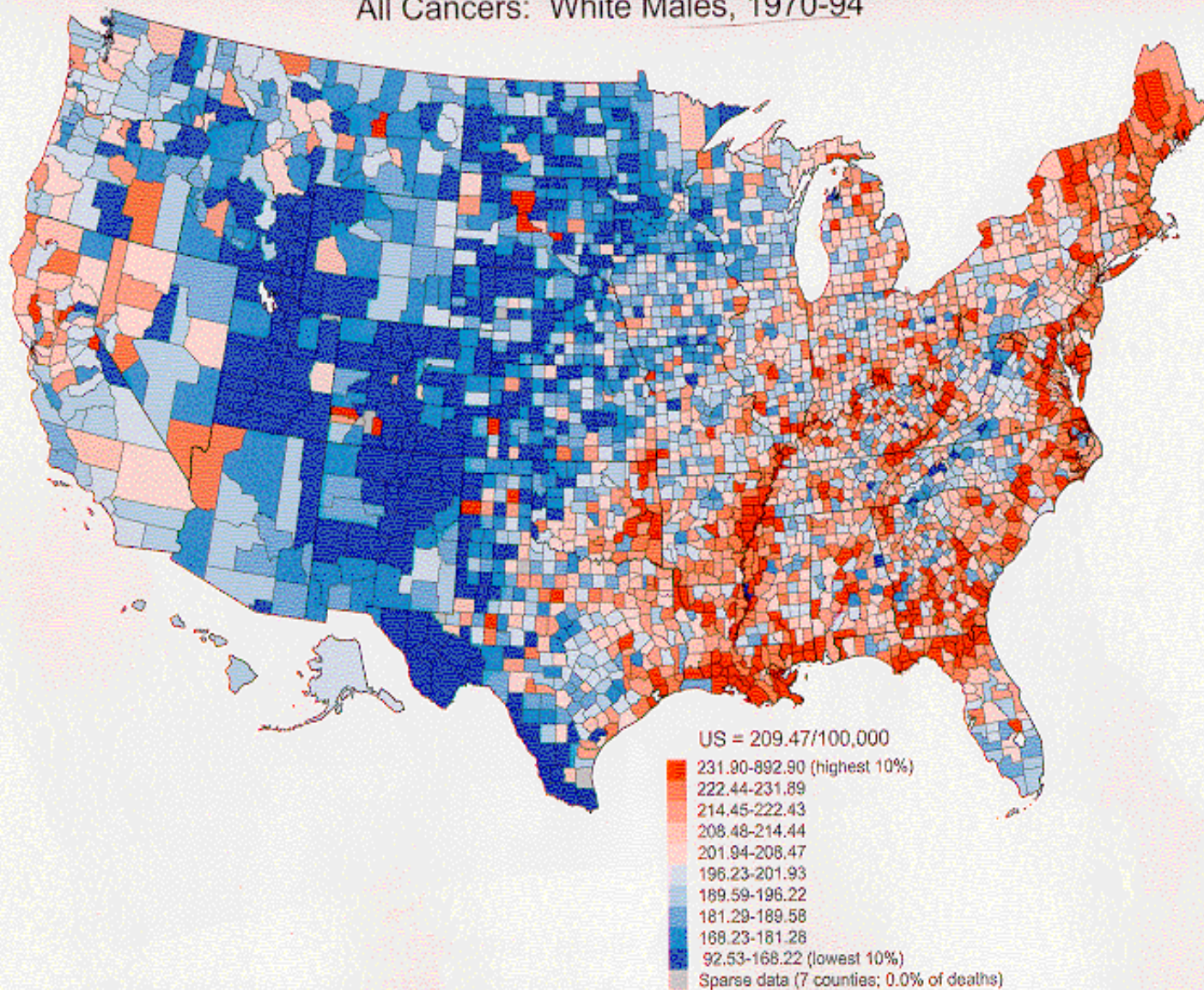
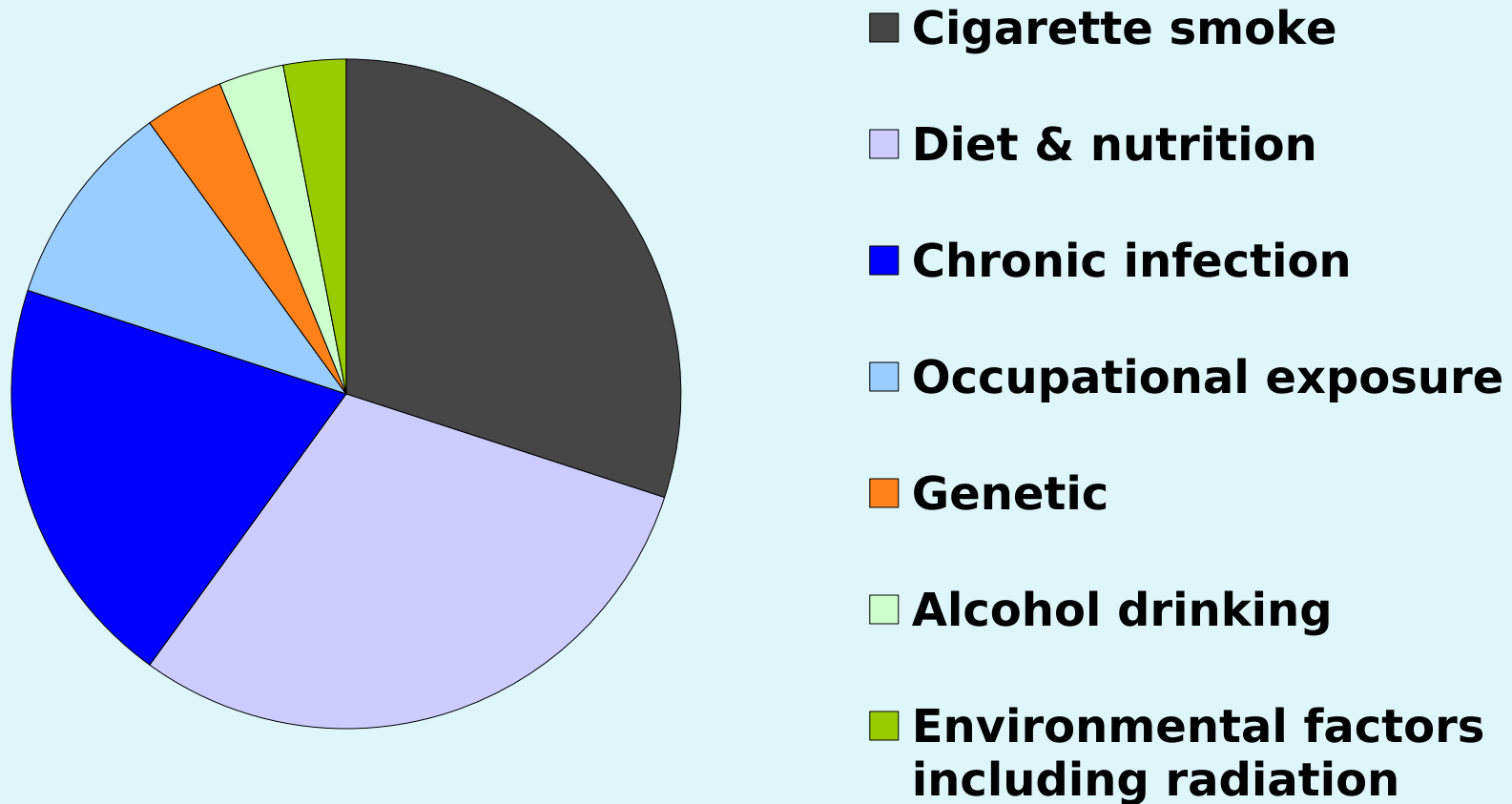


Figure 3.18. Cesium-137 deposition density (Bq/m²) due to global fallout.

Cancer Mortality Rates by County (Age-adjusted 1970 US Population)
All Cancers: White Males, 1970-94



What Causes Cancer?



WHO

My answers to major “What ifs..?”

of Radiation Biology

- What if fallout has produced a cancer epidemic in Utah?
(It has Not)
- What if internal emitters are more hazardous than acute external exposure? **(NO)**
- What if Plutonium is the most hazardous substance known to man and a single particle can cause lung cancer? **(NO)**
- What if Radon is a major cause of lung cancer?
(NO not without Cigarette smoke)

My answers to major “What ifs..?”

of Radiation Biology

- What if nuclear power presents a greater health impact than other sources of power production? (NO)
- What if the mechanisms of action following high doses is the same as that following low doses? (NO)
- What if LNT overestimates cancer risk in the low dose region (I think it does)

Summary

- I have enjoyed my career as a radiation biologist. Radiation science has been such a wonderful experience for me, I even named my dog “Sievert” since it is worth 100 of those rems.



Sievert

Summary

- There have been many “What ifs..”, “Wows!” and “Who Cares?” during my journey.
- What the future holds I cannot predict, but I wish I had another 30+ years to see it play out.
- Thanks to all of you and to my family.

